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1. What is Decentralisation?
 ? Distributed Control: Decentralisation means spreading authority, decision-making, and data across a network instead of concentrating it in a single central entity. This makes the system more robust and fair.

2. Key Advantages:
 ? Enhanced Transparency: Control is distributed among multiple participants or nodes, making decisions more transparent and open.
 ? Increased Security: Decentralised systems are more secure because they are less vulnerable to failures or attacks, as there is no single point of control.
 ? Promotes Trust: In blockchain, decentralisation ensures that no single party controls the entire network, reducing the risk of manipulation and fostering trust among participants.

3. Real-World Applications:
 ? Cryptocurrencies: Decentralisation is at the core of cryptocurrencies, enabling peer-to-peer transactions without needing intermediaries like banks.
 ? Beyond Blockchain: The concept applies to organisational structures, governance models, and various technological ecosystems, promoting autonomy and innovation.

4. How to Teach Others:
 ? Use Organisation Analogies: Explain that decentralisation is like running a company where everyone has a say and decisions aren’t made by just one person at the top.
?? Highlight Fairness: Emphasise how decentralisation reduces the risk of power being abused and ensures that everyone in the network is treated fairly.

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